Indiana University of Pennsylvania Knowledge Repository @ IUP

Theses and Dissertations (All)

10-22-2012

"Decolonizing Feminism": Women's Power in Agnes Grey, The Tenant of Wildfell Hall and Wuthering Heights

Majid S. Mgamis Indiana University of Pennsylvania

Follow this and additional works at: http://knowledge.library.iup.edu/etd

Recommended Citation

Mgamis, Majid S., ""Decolonizing Feminism": Women's Power in Agnes Grey, The Tenant of Wildfell Hall and Wuthering Heights" (2012). *Theses and Dissertations* (All). 465. http://knowledge.library.iup.edu/etd/465

This Dissertation is brought to you for free and open access by Knowledge Repository @ IUP. It has been accepted for inclusion in Theses and Dissertations (All) by an authorized administrator of Knowledge Repository @ IUP. For more information, please contact cclouser@iup.edu, sara.parme@iup.edu.

STUDENT HAS RESTRICTED ACCESS TO FULL TEXT OF THE DISSERTATION. ONLY COVER PAGES AND ABSTRACT ARE AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

"DECOLONIZING FEMINISM": WOMEN'S POWER IN AGNES GREY, THE TENANT OF WILDFELL HALL AND WUTHERING HEIGHTS

A Dissertation

Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies and Research in Partial Fulfillment of the

Requirements for the Degree

Doctor of Philosophy

Majid S. Mgamis
Indiana University of Pennsylvania
August 2012

Indiana University of Pennsylvania School of Graduate Studies and Research Department of English

We hereby approve the dissertation of

Majid S. Mgamis

Candidate for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy Dr. Christopher Orchard Professor of English, Advisor Dr. Lingyan Yang Associate Professor of English Dr. Kenneth Sherwood Associate Professor of English ACCEPTED

Timothy P. Mack, Ph.D. Dean

School of Graduate Studies and Research

iii

Title: "Decolonizing Feminism": Women's Power in Agnes Grey, The Tenant of Wildfell Hall

and Wuthering Heights

Author: Majid S. Mgamis

Dissertation Chair: Dr. Christopher Orchard

Dissertation Committee Members: Dr. Lingyan Yang

Dr. Kenneth Sherwood

Focusing on female characters in Emily Bronte's Wuthering Heights and Anne Bronte's

Agnes Grey and The Tenant of Wildfell Hall, this dissertation runs counter to orthodox criticism of

Victorian literature that highlights a pattern of male dominance and female oppression, reflecting

the widespread belief that women are victims of male hegemony and possess very little power in

both their relationships and in their place in society. On the contrary, through their strong wills,

purposes, and desires, female characters in these novels have considerable power in their own

lives as well as in the lives of others. This power is both constructive, enabling self actualization

and independence, and destructive in terms of negatively affecting relationships with male

characters.

Constructive power is demonstrated in both Agnes Grey and The Tenant of Wildfell Hall.

In the former, the protagonist, Agnes, and the other female characters prove their economic

independence and ability to make decisions independently of men. In The Tenant of Wildfell Hall,

Helen exemplifies women who are empowered to defy socially established laws and norms by

leaving her husband, taking her child, posing as a widow and embarking on an artistic profession.

The antithesis of this power is demonstrated in Wuthering Heights, where women such as

Catherine and others manipulate men by exploiting their emotional needs, which ultimately leads

to tragic ramifications.

The dissertation draws on psychoanalytic feminist theory, exemplified through the work of Shoshana Felman, Jonathan Culler and Helen Cixous. Felman's argument that male supremacy is just "a sexual as well as a political fantasy," Culler's strong contention of the centrality of a woman's role in society and Cixous' belief in the existence of an inherent female bisexuality will be used to describe the female characters in these novels and their relations with men. Ultimately, the dissertation does not aim to debunk the idea of Victorian patriarchy and female oppression, but it does seek to provide a balanced view of the power relations governing the interpersonal relationships of men and women in the Bronte sisters' novels.

.